## 41<sup>st</sup> ANNUAL REPORT

## MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES AND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

## **BOARD'S REPORT**

## **Dear Members**

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 41<sup>st</sup> Annual Report of your Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

## 1. Financial Highlights

The financial performance of your Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 is summarized below:

Particulars		Amount (in Rs.)
	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Revenue from Operations	46,43,137	89,24,802
Other Income	-	-
Total Income	46,43,137	89,24,202
Total Expenditure	31,49,873	27,58,855
Profit before tax	14,93,264	61,65,948
Provision for tax	-	-
Deferred Tax	1694	966
Profit after tax	14,94,958	62,31,583
EPS (Rs.)	1.20	5.01
Proposed Dividend	NIL	Nil
Paid-up Share Capital	1,24,50,000	1,24,50,000
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of	11,85,426	13,26,128
tax		

## 2. Year in Retrospect

Your Directors are putting in their best efforts to improve the performance of the Company.

## 3. Reserves & Surplus

The net movement in the major reserves of the Company for FY 2022-23 and the previous year are as follows:

		Amount (in Rs.)
Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Securities Premium Account	-	-
Capital Reserves	-	-
Profit & Loss A/c	4,54,72,015	4,42,76,132
Statutory Reserve	1,40,45,976	1,37,47,182
Total	5,95,17,991	62,31,583

## 4. Public deposits

During the financial year 2022-23, your Company has not accepted any deposit within the meaning of Sections 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

## 5. Material Changes after the close of the financial year

Save as mentioned elsewhere in this Report, no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company has occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company for 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 till the date of this report.

## 6. Dividend

The Board of Directors of your Company has decided to retain and plough back the profits into the business of the Company, thus no dividend is being recommended for this year.

## 7. Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures/ Associates

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, the Company had no Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures (JVs) or Associate Companies. Accordingly, statement containing the salient feature of the financial statement of a company's subsidiary or subsidiaries, associate company or companies and joint venture or ventures in Form AOC-1 is not applicable.

The names of companies which have become or ceased to be its Subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year: **Nil** 

## 8. Change in the nature of business

There has been no major change in the nature of business of your Company. Further since there is no subsidiary, joint venture and associate company, there is no question for mentioning of change in nature of business of such companies.

## 9. Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

## a) Composition

- i. As on date, Company has 3 Directors. Of the 3 Directors, 2 are Independent Directors and one is Independent Women Director. The Composition of the Board is in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and relevant Regulations of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- ii. None of the Director on the Board is a director in more than 10 Public Companies or a member of more than 10 Committees or a Chairman of more than 5 Committees across all listed companies in which he/she is a Director. Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other Public Limited Companies as on March 31, 2023 have been disclosed by all the Directors of the Company.
- iii. None of the Whole-time Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company is holding office in any other Company as a Key Managerial Personnel.
- iv. Further, none of the Directors / KMP of the Company is disqualified under any of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and relevant Regulations of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

## b) Change in Director(s) and Key Managerial Personnel

Save as mentioned elsewhere in this Report, there is no other change in the Board of Directors and the Key Managerial Personnel, during the year under review.

## c) Declaration of Independence

Your Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

## d) Disclosure of commission paid to Managing or Whole Time Directors

There is no commission paid or payable by your company to the Managing director or the Whole time director.

## e) Meetings of the Board of Directors

The details of the number of meeting of Board of Directors of your Company are as below:

Meeting	No. of Meeting	Dates of Meeting
Board of Directors	Five (5)	30.05.2022, 10.08.2022, 05.09.2022, 14.11.2022 & 14.02.2023

All the directors of the Company were present in all the Board Meetings of the Company held during previous year.

# f) Annual Evaluation of Board performance and performance of its committees and individual directors

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement, the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees and of individual directors. Feedback was sought from Directors about their views on the performance of the Board covering various criteria. Feedback was also taken from directors on his assessment of the performance of the other Directors. Based on the inputs received, the Chairman also made a presentation to the Independent Directors at their meeting, summarizing the inputs received from the Directors as regards Board performance as a whole, and of the Chairman. Post the meeting of the Independent Directors, their collective feedback on the performance of the Board (as a whole) was discussed.

Areas on which the Board were assessed included degree of fulfillment of key responsibilities, adequacy of Committee composition and effectiveness of meetings. Feedback was provided to the Directors, as appropriate. Significant highlights, learning and action points arising out of the evaluation were presented to the Board.

## g) Remuneration Policy for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees

In accordance with Section 178 and other applicable provisions if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules issued thereunder the Board of Directors of the Company has formulated the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of your Company on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy, covering the policy on appointment and remuneration of Directors and other matters is set-out in **Annexure-I** to this Report.

## h) Committees of the Board

The Committees of the Board focus on certain specific areas and make informed decisions in line with the delegated authority. The following Committees has been constituted by the Board and these committees function according to their respective roles and defined scope:

- Audit Committee
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Composition of the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company is as below:

## Audit Committee:

- 1. Mr. Sati Nath Das Chairman (Independent and Non Executive Director)
- 2. Mrs. Ritu Sobti Member (Independent and Non Executive Director)
- 3. Mr. Sunil Dutt Mahotra Member (Independent and Non Executive Director)

## Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

- 1. Mr. Sati Nath Das Chairman (Independent and Non Executive Director)
- 2. Mrs. Ritu Sobti Member (Independent and Non Executive Director)
- 3. Mr. Sunil Dutt Mahotra Member (Independent and Non Executive Director)

## **Stakeholders Relationship Committee:**

- 1. Mr. Sati Nath Das Chairman (Independent and Non Executive Director)
- 2. Mrs. Ritu Sobti Member (Independent and Non Executive Director)
- 3. Mr. Sunil Dutt Mahotra Member (Independent and Non Executive Director)

## i) Audit Committee Recommendations

Recommendation of Audit Committee is not applicable to the Company.

## j) Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption

The information on conservation of energy and technology absorption stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is attached as **Annexure-II**.

## k) Particulars of Employees and Remuneration

The information required under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of Directors/ employees of your Company is set out in **Annexure-III** to this Report.

Details of Related Party Transactions as per AOC-2 are provided in Annexure-IV.

## l) Loans and investments

The details of loans, guarantees and investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are as follows:

- A. Details of investments made by the Company as on 31st March, 2023: As disclosed in the Audited financial statement for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.
- B. Details of loans given by the Company as on 31st March, 2023: Nil
- C. Details of guarantees issued by your Company in accordance with Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules issued thereunder: Nil

## m) Extract of Annual Return

Pursuant to Section 92 of the Act and Rule 12 of The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9, is provided in **Annexure-V**.

### n) Auditors and auditors' report

M/s. Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 29, 2017 for a term of five consecutive years i.e., from the conclusion of 35th AGM till the conclusion of 40<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company. Consequently, M/s. Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants s, completed their first term of Five consecutive years as the Statutory Auditors of the company at the conclusion of 40th AGM of the company. Pursuant to section 139(2) of the Act, the company can re-appoint auditors firm for a second term of five consecutive years. M/s. Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants have consented to the said re-appointment, and confirmed that their re-appointment, if made, would be within the limits specified under Section 141(3)(g) of the Act. They have further confirmed that they are not disqualified to be reappointed as Statutory Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors has approved re-appointment of M/s. Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates, Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a second term of Five consecutive years from the conclusion of the 40th AGM till the conclusion of 45th AGM, subject to the approval of shareholders.

### **Statutory Auditors' Report**

The observations / comments of Statutory Auditors in their Auditor's Report are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further clarification / comment.

### o) Secretarial Audit Report

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014; the Secretarial Audit Report provided by the Secretarial Auditors is annexed as **Annexure-VI**.

The Secretarial Auditors' Report for the financial year 2022-23, does not contain any qualification, observation or adverse remarks and accordingly no comments required by your Board of Directors on the same.

## p) Internal Control Systems and adequacy of Internal Financial Controls

The Company has a proper and adequate system of internal controls. This ensures that all transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly, and assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations.

In terms of section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s Tantia & Associates, Chartered Accountants has been appointed as the Internal Auditors of your Company. The Company also has an Audit Committee, who interacts with the Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditors and Management in dealing with matters within its terms of reference.

## q) Risk management

Your Company recognizes that risk is an integral part of business and is committed to managing the risks in a proactive and efficient manner. Your Company periodically assesses risks in the internal and external environment. Your Company, through its risk management process, strives to contain impact and likelihood of the risks within the risk appetite as decided by the management.

There are no risks which in the opinion of the Board threaten the existence of your Company.

## r) Cost Records and Cost Audit Report

In terms with the provisions of section 148 of the Companies act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost records and audit) Rules 2014, maintenance of cost records and appointment of Cost Auditors are not applicable on your Company.

### s) Vigil mechanism

The Company believes in the conduct of the affairs of its constituents in a fair and transparent manner by adopting highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behaviour.

Pursuant to Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 a vigil mechanism was established for directors and employees to report to the management instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The copy of vigil mechanism policy is uploaded on the website of your company at <u>www.maryadainvestment.in</u> under Investors Section.

### t) Management Discussion & Analysis Report

The Management Discussion & Analysis Report is annexed as Annexure-VII.

## u) Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading

Your Company's Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading covers all the Directors, senior management personnel, persons forming part of promoter(s)/promoter group(s) and such other designated employees of the Company, who are expected to have access to unpublished price sensitive information relating to the Company. The Directors, their relatives, senior management personnel, persons forming part of promoter(s)/promoter group(s), designated employees etc. are restricted in purchasing, selling and dealing in the shares of the Company while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information about the Company as well as during the closure of trading window.

The Board of Directors has approved and adopted the Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders in line with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation, 2015 and the same is uploaded on the website of your company at <u>www.maryadainvestment.in</u> under Investors Section.

Your Board of Directors has also approved the Code for Fair Disclosure and the same is uploaded on the website of your company at <u>www.maryadainvestment.in</u> under Investors Section.

## v) Corporate Social Responsibility

Provisions of the Corporate Social Responsibility as mentioned under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable on the Company.

## w) Significant/material orders passed by the regulators

There are no significant/material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status of your Company and its operations in future.

## x) General

Your Board of Directors confirms that (a) Your Company has not issued equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise; (b) Your Company does not have any ESOP scheme for its employees/Directors; and, (c) there is no scheme in your Company to finance any employee to purchase shares of your Company.

## y) Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors confirm that:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, the applicable accounting standards and Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b. the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 and of the profit and loss of the Company for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023;
- c. proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the annual accounts have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis;
- e. proper internal financial controls laid down by the Directors were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f. proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

## z) Stock Exchange Listing

The shares of the Company are listed on Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI). The listing fee for the financial year 2022-23 has been paid to MSEI.

# aa) Disclosure under the sexual harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Your Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in the Company through various interventions and practices. The Company always

endeavors to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment. The Company has in place proper policy on prevention of sexual harassment at workplace. The policy aims at prevention of harassment of employees as well as contractors and lays down the guidelines for identification, reporting and prevention of sexual harassment. There is Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) which is responsible for redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment and follows the guidelines provided in the policy. During the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, the ICC has not received any complaints pertaining to sexual harassment.

## bb) Acknowledgement

Your Directors take this opportunity to place on record their sincere appreciation for the co-operation and assistance the Company has received from Banks and various Government Departments. The Board also places on record its appreciation of the devoted services of the employees, support and co-operation extended by the valued business associates and the continuous patronage of the customers of the Company.

For and on Behalf of the Board For Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited

Date:06th September, 2023Place:New Delhi

Ritu Sobti Director DIN: 07928788 Sati Nath Das Director DIN: 03114586

## ANNEXURE-I TO THE BOARD'S REPORT

## NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

This Nomination and Remuneration Policy is formulated in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time. This policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management has been formulated and has been approved by the Board of Directors.

## **Definitions:**

"**Remuneration**" means any money or its equivalent given or passed to any person for services rendered by him and includes perquisites as defined under the Income-tax Act, 1961;

### "Key Managerial Personnel" means:

- i. Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or Manager and in their absence, a Whole-time Director;
- ii. Chief Financial Officer;
- iii. Company Secretary; and
- iv. Such other officer as may be prescribed.

**"Senior Managerial Personnel"** mean the personnel of the company who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors comprising all members of management, one level below the Executive Directors, including the functional heads.

### **Objective:**

The objective of the policy is to ensure that:

- the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the company successfully;
- relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- Remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.

### **Role of the Committee:**

The role of the NRC are inter-alia, includes the following:

- To formulate criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.
- > To formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- > To carry out evaluation of Director's performance.
- > To recommend to the Board the appointment and removal of Directors and Senior Management.
- To recommend to the Board policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- > To devise a policy on Board diversity, composition, size.
- Succession planning for replacing Key Executives and overseeing.
- To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board from time to time and / or enforced by any statutory notification, amendment or modification, as may be applicable.
- To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties.

## <u>APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTOR, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND</u> <u>SENIOR MANAGEMENT</u>

- a) The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend his / her appointment, as per Company's Policy.
- b) A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has authority to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person is sufficient / satisfactory for the position.
- c) The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Whole-time Director who has attained the age of seventy years. Provided that the term of the person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution.

## TERM/ TENURE

## a) <u>Managing Director/Whole-time Director:</u>

The Company shall appoint or re-appoint any person as its Executive Chairman, Managing Director or Executive Director for a term not exceeding five years at a time. No re-appointment shall be made earlier than one year before the expiry of term.

## b) <u>Independent Director:</u>

An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and will be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's report.

No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms of upto maximum of 5years each, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director.

Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly.

At the time of appointment of Independent Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of a listed company or such other number as may be prescribed under the Act.

## **EVALUATION**

The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel yearly or at such intervals as may be considered necessary.

## **REMOVAL**

The Committee may recommend with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the Companies Act, 2013, rules and regulations and the policy of the Company.

## **RETIREMENT**

The Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Act and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position/ remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

## <u>POLICY FOR REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS/KMP/SENIOR MANAGEMENT</u> <u>PERSONNEL</u>

### 1) Remuneration to Managing Director / Whole-time Directors:

- a) The Remuneration/ Commission etc. to be paid to Managing Director / Whole-time Directors, etc. shall be governed as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under or any other enactment for the time being in force and the approvals obtained from the Members of the Company.
- b) The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall make such recommendations to the Board of Directors, as it may consider appropriate with regard to remuneration to Managing Director / Whole-time Directors.

### 2) Remuneration to Non- Executive / Independent Directors:

- a) The Non-Executive / Independent Directors may receive sitting fees and such other remuneration as permissible under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013. The amount of sitting fees shall be such as may be recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.
- b) All the remuneration of the Non- Executive / Independent Directors (excluding remuneration for attending meetings as prescribed under Section 197 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013) shall be subject to ceiling/ limits as provided under Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under or any other enactment for the time being in force. The amount of such remuneration shall be such as may be recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors or shareholders, as the case may be.
- c) An Independent Director shall not be eligible to get Stock Options and also shall not be eligible to participate in any share based payment schemes of the Company.
- d) Any remuneration paid to Non- Executive / Independent Directors for services rendered which are of professional in nature shall not be considered as part of the remuneration for the purposes of clause (b) above if the following conditions are satisfied:
  - i) The Services are rendered by such Director in his capacity as the professional; and
  - i) In the opinion of the Committee, the director possesses the requisite qualification for the practice of that profession.
- e) The Compensation Committee of the Company, constituted for the purpose of administering the Employee Stock Option/ Purchase Schemes, shall determine the stock options and other share based payments to be made to Directors (other than Independent Directors).

### 3) Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management:

- a) The remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management shall consist of fixed pay and incentive pay, in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with the Company's Policy.
- b) The Fixed pay shall include monthly remuneration, employer's contribution to Provident Fund, contribution to pension fund, pension schemes, etc. as decided from to time.

c) The Incentive pay shall be decided based on the balance between performance of the Company and performance of the Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management, to be decided annually or at such intervals as may be considered appropriate.

## **IMPLEMENTATION**

- The Committee may issue guidelines, procedures, formats, reporting mechanism and manuals in supplement and for better implementation of this policy as considered appropriate.
- > Company shall disclose the remuneration policy and evaluation criteria in its Annual Report.
- > The Committee May Delegate any of its powers to one or more of its members.

## **ANNEXURE-II TO THE BOARD'S REPORT**

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

## Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

A. Con	servation of energy	
(i)	The steps taken or impact on conservation of	
	energy	
(ii)	The steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy	N.A. (General measures for conservation of energy are pursued on an ongoing basis)
(iii)	The capital investment on energy conservation equipments	N.A.
B. Tech	nology absorption	
(i)	The efforts made towards technology absorption	No new Technology has been adopted during the year under review
(ii)	The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution	N.A.
(iii)	In case of imported technology (imported during the beginning of the financial year)	e last three years reckoned from the
(a)	The details of technology imported	N.A.
(b)	The year of import	N.A.
(c)	Whether the technology been fully absorbed	N.A.
(d)	If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	N.A.
(iv)	Expenditure on Research & Development	N.A.
C. Fore	ign exchange earnings and Outgo	
(a)	Total Foreign Exchange Earnings in 2022-23 (Equivalent Rs.)	0.00
(b)	Total Foreign Exchange outgo in 2022-23 (Equivalent Rs.)	0.00

### **ANNEXURE - III TO THE BOARD'S REPORT**

### INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

A. Ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of all the employees of Your Company for the financial 2022-23 is as follows:

Name of the Director	TotalRemuneration(Rs.)	Ratio of remuneration of director to the Median remuneration
Mr. Sati Nath Das	-	N.A.
Mr. Sunil Dutt Malhotra	-	N.A.
Mrs. Ritu Sobti	-	N.A.

**B.** Details of percentage increase in the remuneration of each Director and CFO & Company Secretary in the financial year 2022-23 are as follows:

Name	Designation	Remuneration# (Rs.)		Increase
		2022-23	2021-22	%
Mr Sati Nath Das	Director		-	Nil
Mr. Sunil Dutt Malhotra	Director		-	Nil
Mrs. Ritu Sobti	Director		-	Nil
Mrs. Chitraditi Baruah	Chief Financial Officer	1212000	1068000	13.48%
Ms. Harshika Agrawal	Company Secretary	761628	595689	27.86%

*# Remuneration Does not include sitting fee paid to the non executive.* 

# C. Percentage increase in the median remuneration of all employees in the financial year 2022-23:

	2022-23	2021-22	Increase (%)
Median remuneration of	18.63%	10%	8.63%
all employees per			
annum			

### D. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023:

S.No.	Category	Number of Employee
1	Executive Manager Cadre	5
2	Staff	0
3	Other lower level employees	0
	Total	5

## E. Explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and Company Performance:

The increase in average remuneration of all employees in the financial year 2022-23 as compared to the financial year 2021-22 was not applicable.

	2022-23	2021-22	Growth (%)
<b>Total Revenue</b>	46,43,137	89,24,802	-47.97%
Profit Before Tax	14,93,264	61,65,948	-75.78%
Profit after Tax	14,94,958	62,31,583	-76.00%

The key indices of Company's performance are:

Your Company is committed in ensuring fair pay and a healthy work environment for all its employees. Your Company offers competitive compensation to its employees.

## F. Comparison of the remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of Your Company:

The remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel increased by 18.63% in 2022-23, compared to 2021-22, whereas the Profit before Tax decreased by 75.78% in 2022-23, compared to 2021-22.

### G. Details of Share price and market capitalization:

The details of variation in the market capitalization and price earnings ratio as at the closing date of the current and previous financial years is not applicable to the Company.

Comparison of share price at the time of first public offer and market price of the share of **31st March**, **2023**: Not Applicable; there is no public issue made by the Company in the last more than 10 years.

H. Comparison of average percentage increase in salary of employees other than the key managerial personnel and the percentage increase in the key managerial remuneration:

			(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22	Increase (%)
Average salary of all	-	-	-
Employees (other than Key			
Managerial Personnel)			
Salary of MD & CEO	-	-	-
Salary of CFO & CS	1973628	16,63,689	18.63%

The increase in remuneration of employees other than the managerial personnel is in line with the increase in remuneration of managerial personnel.

#### I. Key parameters for the variable component of remuneration paid to the Directors:

There is no variable component of remuneration payable to any director of your Company.

## J. There are no employees of the Company who receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid Director of the Company.

#### K. Affirmation:

Pursuant to Rule 5(1)(xii) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, it is affirmed that the remuneration paid to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management is as per the Remuneration Policy of your Company.

## L. Statement containing the particulars of employees in accordance with Rule 5 (2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

List of employees of the Company employed throughout the financial year 2022-23 and were paid remuneration not less than Rs. 60 lakhs per annum: Nil

Employees employed for the part of the year and were paid remuneration during the financial year 2022-23 at a rate which in aggregate was not less than Rs. 5 lakhs per month: Nil

## ANNEXURE-IV TO THE BOARD'S REPORT

## FORM NO. AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/ arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transaction under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

S. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	
2	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	
3	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	
4	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	
5	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	N.A.
6	Date of approval by the Board	
7	Amount paid as advances, if any	
8	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	

## 2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis

S. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	
2	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transaction	
3	Duration of the contracts arrangements/ transaction	
4	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	N.A.
5	Date of approval by the Board	
6	Amount paid as advances, if any	

### For and on Behalf of the Board

For Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited

Date: 06<sup>th</sup> September, 2023

Place: New Delhi

Ritu Sobti Director DIN: 07928788 Sati Nath Das Director DIN: 03114586

## Form No. MGT-9

## EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and

Administration) Rules, 2014]

## I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

Registration Date Name of the Company	25/05/1982 Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment
Name of the Company	Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment
	Company Limited
Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Public Company/ Limited by shares
Address of the Registered office and contact details	106, (1st Floor), Madhuban Tower, A-1, V.S. Block,
	Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092
	Tel: 011 - 49901667
	E-mail: macel1982@gmail.com
Whether listed company	Yes
Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and	Skyline Financial Services Private Limited,
Fransfer Agent	D - 153 A, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area,
	Phase - 1 , New Delhi - 110020
	Tel : 011 - 64732681 - 88 , 26812682 - 83
	E-mail : info@skylinerta.com
V V	ddress of the Registered office and contact details /hether listed company ame, Address and Contact details of Registrar and

## **II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY**

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

SI. No.			% to total turnover of the Company
1	Dividend on long Term/Non Current Investment	643	100
* As	per National Industrial Classification - Ministry of Statistics and Programme I	mplementation, Gover	nment of India

## III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

SI. No.		Holding/ Subsidiary / Associate	Applicable Section
	NOT APPLI	CABLE	

## IV. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

## i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders			at the beginr n 01/04/2022	-	No. of Sh		t the end of t 03 2023)*	he year (as	% Change during the
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	year
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individuals / HUF	60000	0	60000	4.82	60000	0	60000	4.82	0.00
b) Central Govt.	00000	0	00000	0.00	00000	0	00000	0.00	0.00
c) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0		0	0	0		0.00
d) Bodies Corporate	0	0			0	0	0		0.00
e) Banks/ Fl	0	0	-		0	0	0	0.00	0.00
f) Any Other	0	0			0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Sub- Total (A)(1)	60000	0		4.82	-	0	60000	4.82	0.00
(2) Foreign	00000	0	00000	4.02	00000	0	00000	4.02	0.00
a) NRIs - Individuals									
,									
b) Other - Individuals					NIL				
c) Bodies Corporate									
d) Banks / Fl									
e) Any Other		1				1			
Sub- Total (A)(2)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Total Shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)									
	60000	0	60000	4.82	60000	0	60000	4.82	0.00
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Banks / Financial Institutions	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
c) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
g) FII	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
i) Others	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Sub-Total (B)(1)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
2. Non-institutions						•	•		
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	36300	87400	123700	9.94	36300	87400	123700	9.94	0.00
ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
b) Individuals									
(i) Individual shareholders holding									
nominal share capital upto Rs.1	174450	291200	465650	37.40	174450	291200	465650	37.40	0.00
lakh									
(ii) Individual shareholders holding									
nominal share capital in excess of	341100	253350	594450	47.75	341100	253350	594450	47.75	0.00
, Rs.1 lakh									
c) Others							l		
(i) HUF	0	1200	1200	0.10	0	1200	1200	0.10	0.00
Sub-Total (B)(2)	551850	633150	1185000	95.18	551850	633150	1185000		0.00
Total Public Shareholding									
(B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	551850	633150	1185000	95.18	551850	633150	1185000	95.18	0.00
C. Shares held by Custodians									
for GDRs & ADRs					NIL				

#### (ii) Shareholding of Promoters

SI. No.	Shareholder's Name				No. of shares	(31/03/2023 % of total shares of the company	3)  % of shares	% change in shareholding during the year *
1	Pawan Kumar Aggarwal	60000	4.82	4.82	60000	4.82	4.82	0.00

### (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding

No. of shares     % of total shares of the Company     Date     ) in No. of Shares     Decrease ( ) in No. of Shares       No. of shares     % of total shares of the Company       NO CHANGE	SI. No.	Promoters' Name	beginning of the year (01/04/2022) As on (+) / Benpos Decrease No. of % of total shares shares of the As on Shares	Increase for (+) / Increas Decrease (- (+) /	(+) / Increase year (31/03/202 Decrease (- (+) /		r (01/04/2022 / end of the		
NO CHANGE					es ) in No. of		shares of the		
				NO C	HANGE				

SI. No.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	ders Shareholding at the beginning of the year (01/04/2022)		As on Benpos Date	Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in No. of Shares	Reasons for [Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01/04/2022 to 31/03/2023)/ end of the year (31/03/2023)	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company			No. of Shares]	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Ashwathama Constructions Private Limited	51000	4.10					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE	54000	4 4 0
2	KEI International Limited	34900	2.80				51000	4.10
2			2.00	N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		
							34900	2.80
3	KEI Cables Private Limited	36300	2.92				01000	
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		
							36300	2.92
4	Satya Vir Goel	17000	1.37					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		1
							17000	1.37
5	Shilpinder Singh Sobti	12300	0.99					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		1
							12300	0.99
6	Chirag Garg	12300	0.99					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		
							12300	0.99
7	Nilesh Kumar Mallick	12300	0.99					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		1
							12300	0.99
8	Mukesh Kumar	14600	1.17					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		1
							14600	1.17
9	Sakshi Aggarwal	12300	0.99					
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE		l
10	Carrieli Carref	40000					12300	0.99
10	Sanjoli Saraf	12300	0.99	N .				
				N.A.	N.A.	NO CHANGE	40000	
							12300	0.99

SI. No.	Io. For Each of the Directors and KMP	Sharehold beginning (01/04/	of the year	As on Benpos Date	Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in No. of Shares	Reason for [Increase (+) / Decrease (-) in No. of Shares]	during the (01/04/2022	2 to )/ end of the
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	-		No. of onarea	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Mr. Sati Nath Das	0	0.00	1-Apr-2022		Nil Movement		
	(Director)				0	during the year		
				31-Mar-2023			0	0.00
2	Mr. Sunil Dutt Malhotra	10000	0.81	1-Apr-2022		Nil Movement		
	(Director)				0	during the year		
				31-Mar-2023		during the year	10000	0.81
3	Mrs. Ritu Sobti	0	0.00	1-Apr-2022		Nil Movement		
	(Director)				0	during the year		
				31-Mar-2023			0	0.00
4	Mrs. Chitraditi Baruah	0	0.00	1-Apr-2022		Nil Movement		
	(KMP)				0			
				31-Mar-2023		during the year	0	0.00
5	Ms. Harshika Agrawal	0	0.00	1-Apr-2022		Nil Movement		
	(KMP)				0	during the year		
				31-Mar-2023			0	0.00

## V. INDEBTEDNESS

## Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/ accrued but not due for payment

				(In RS.)
	Secured Loans	Unsecured	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
	excluding	Loans		
	deposits			
Indebtedness at the beginning of the	financial year	•		
i) Principal Amount	-	55,00,000.00	-	55,00,000.00
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	55,00,000.00	-	55,00,000.00
Change in Indebtedness during the f	inancial year	•	•	ł
Addition	-	-	-	-
Reduction	-	-	-	-
Net Change	-	-	-	-
Indebtedness at the end of the finance	cial year			
i) Principal Amount	-	55,00,000.00	-	55,00,000.00
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	55,00,000.00	-	55,00,000.00

### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

#### A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/ or Manager:

(In Rs.) **Particulars of Remuneration** SI. Name of MD/ WTD/ Manager **Total Amount** No. 1. Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17 (2) Income-tax Act, 1961 c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961 Stock Option 2 NONE Sweat Equity 3 4 Commission - as % of profit - others 5 Others Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act

(In Rs.)

SI.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors	(In Rs.) Total Amount
		Name of Directors	
1	Independent Directors		
	Fee for attending board committee		
	meetings (including board meetings)		
	Commission	NOT APPLICABLE	
	Others		
	Total (1)		
2	Other Non-Executive Directors		
	Fee for attending board committee		
	meetings (including board meetings)		
	Commission		
	Others	NOT APPLICABLE	
	Total (2)		
	Total (B)=( 1+2)		
	Total Managerial Remuneration		
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	NOT APPLICABLE	

## C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD

				(In Rs.)
SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key	Total Amount	
		(CEO/CFO)	CS	
1.	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	12,12,000	7,61,628	19,73,628
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17 (2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-	-	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
4.	Commission			
	- as % of profit	-	-	-
	- others, specify	-	-	-
5.	Others, please specify	-	-	-
	Total	1212000	7,61,628	19,73,628

(In Rs.)

## VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT / COURT]	Appeal made, if any			
A. COMP	ANY		•					
Penalty								
Punishme	ent	-						
Compoun	ding	1						
B. DIREC	TORS	7						
Penalty		-		NIL				
Punishme	ent			INIL				
Compoun	<u> </u>							
C. OTHE	R OFFICERS IN							
DEFAUL	Г							
Penalty								
Punishme	ent							
Compoun	ding							

## For Maryada Commercial Enterprises And Investment Company Limited

Place: New Delhi	(RITU SOBTI)	(SATI NATH DAS)
Date : 06.09.2023	Director	Director
	DIN: 07928788	DIN: 03114586

## <u>ANNEXURE – VI</u>

## Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited 106, (1<sup>st</sup> Floor), Madhuban Tower, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited (hereinafter called "**the Company**"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion , the Company has , during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the Statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of;

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made there under;
- 2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (**'SCRA'**) and the rules made there under;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-law framed hereunder;
- 4. The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Direct Investment;
- 5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India, 1992 (**'SEBI Act**');
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;

- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registration to an Issue and Share Transfers Agents) Regulations, 1993;
   (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period, hence the company didn't not complied with the same)
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
   (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period, hence the
- company didn't not complied with the same)(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period, hence the company didn't not complied with the same)

- 6. Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
- 7. Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

# We have also examined compliance with the applicable clause of the following:

- I. The Secretarial Standards issue by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- II. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

## We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. All decisions were carried out with unanimous approval of the Board and there was no instance of dissent voting by any member during the period under review.

We have examined the systems and processes of the Company in place to ensure the compliance with general laws like Labour Laws, Employees Provident Funds Act, Employees State Insurance Act, considering and relying upon representations made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanisms formed by the Company for compliance under these laws and other applicable sector specific Acts, Laws, Rules and Regulations applicable to the Company and its observance by them.

## We further report that

There are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with other applicable laws on the operation of the Company and the rules made thereunder.

## For Ravi Shankar & Associates Company Secretaries

Ravi Shankar Proprietor FCS No.: 11987 CP No.: 18568 UDIN: F011987E000958757

Place: New Delhi Date: 06<sup>th</sup> September, 2023

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "ANNEXURE-A" and forms an integral part if this report.

## "ANNEXURE A"

To, The Members, Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited 106, (1<sup>st</sup> Floor), Madhuban Tower, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

## For Ravi Shankar & Associates Company Secretaries

Ravi Shankar Proprietor FCS No.: 11987 CP No.: 18568 UDIN: F011987E000958757

Place: New Delhi Date: 06<sup>th</sup> September, 2023

## MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES AND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738 Website: <u>www.maryadainvestment.in</u>, Email: <u>macel1982@gmail.com</u> Tel: +91-11-4990 1667 Registered Office: 106, (1st Floor), Madhuban Tower, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

## **ANNEXURE-VII TO THE BOARD'S REPORT**

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

### **Cautionary Statement**

The management Discussion and Analysis Report may contain certain statements that might be considered forward looking. These statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statement as important factors could influence Company's operations such as Government policies, economic development, political factors and such other factors beyond the control of the Company.

### **Industry Overview**

As per the various regulations of the RBI and other competent authorities governing NBFC activities in India; the NBFC companies can be broadly categorized in the following:

Non-Banking Financial Entity		on-Banking Financial Entity	Principal Business
1.			In terms of the Section 45-I(f) read with Section 45-I(C) of the RBI Act, 1934, as amended in 1997, their principal business is that or receiving deposits or that of a financial institution, such as lending, investment in securities, hire purchase
	(a)	Equipment leasing company (EL)	finance or equipment leasing. Equipment leasing or financing of such activity.
	(b)	Hire purchase finance company (HP)	Hire purchase transaction or financing of such transactions.
	(c)	Investment Company (IC)	Acquisition of securities. These include Primary Dealers (PDs) who deal in underwriting and market making for government securities.
	(d)	Loan company (LC)	Providing finance by making loans or advances, or otherwise for any activity other than its own; excludes EL/HP/Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).
	(e)	Residuary non-banking company (RNBC)	Company which receives deposits under any scheme or arrangement by whatever name called, in one lump-sum or installments by way of contributions or subscriptions or by sale of units or certificates or other instruments, or in any manner. These companies do not belong to any of the categories as stated above.
	I.	Mutual Benefit Financial (MBFC) i.e. Nidhi Company	Company any company which is notified by the Central Government as a Nidhi Company under section 620A of the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of

		1956).
II.	Miscellaneous non-banking company (MNBC), Managing, Conducting or supervising as a promoter, foreman or i.e., Chit Fund Company	Managing, conducting or supervising as promoter, foreman or agent of any transaction or arrangement by which the company enters into an agreement with a specified number of subscribers that every one of them shall subscribe a certain sum in installments over a definite period and that every one of such subscribers shall in turn, as determined by tender or in such manner as may be provided for in the arrangement, be entitled to the prize amount.

## **Our Industry Segment**

The primary business of our company is making investment in securities and providing loans and advances. The company is registered as a Non-deposit taking Non-Banking Finance Company with RBI. Since the asset size of the company is not more than Rs. 500 crores it is presently Non Systemically Important Non Deposit taking NBFC.

## **Business**

The Company is engaged in the business of investment in securities and providing loans and advances. The Company is registered with the Reserve Bank of India as an NBFC.

## **Opportunities & Threats and Risks & Concern**

Over the years, your Company has achieved an appropriate balance between risk and returns by setting up an efficient risk mitigation system to meet various forms of financial and other risks. The primary risks that the company is exposed to credit risk, market risk and operational risk. Deriving from the long years of experience in NBFC sector your company's credit policy framework is designed to provide the right balance between business growth and portfolio quality.

## <u>Outlook</u>

From the reports available in public domain, it is believed that the global economic recovery is in its way. It is only hoped that the growth momentum gathers, steam soon and fast.

## Human resource/Industrial relations

The Company recognizes the importance and contribution of its human resources for its growth and development and is committed to the development of its people. The Company has cordial relations with employees and staff. There are no HR relations problems during the year and the Company does not anticipate any material problems on this count in the current year.

## Internal Control Systems and Adequacy

The Company has disciplined approach to cost and follows prudential norms in every sphere of its activities. The Profit making is put at the center of decision making. The cost are budgeted, reviewed and monitored. The Company has established internal control systems for ensuring optimum use of resources and safeguarding the assets. The Internal Control Systems and procedure are adequate and commensurate with the size of the Company. These business control procedures ensure efficient use and protection of the resources and compliance with the policies, procedures and status.

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

## To The Members of MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

### **Report on the Audit of the financial statements**

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the Financial Statements).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2023, and its profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rule thereunder, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

We have determined that there are no key audit matter to communicate in our report.

### Information Other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure 'A'** a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

(c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;

(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

(f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to **Annexure 'B'**.

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

(h) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16):

The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2023 to its directors.

(i) Proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of accounts using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the company with effect from 01.04.2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023.

For Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM REGDN. 017163N

> (RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER MNO. 098229

Place: Delhi Date: 24.05.2023

## **Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report**

## (MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED)

The annexure referred to in Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the company on the financial statements for the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March,2023, We Report that:

- 1. a. (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment. The Company does not have any right of use assets.
  - (B) The company does not have intangible assets.
  - b. As explained to us, the management during the year has physically verified the Property, Plant and Equipment in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
  - c. The Company does not have any immovable property.
  - d. The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
  - e. There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- 2. a. The company does not have any inventory, Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - b. No working capital limit has been sanctioned and availed by the Company. Hence, the reporting requirement of para 3(ii)(b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 3. a. Since the principle business of the Company is to give loans, the reporting requirement of para 3(iii)(a) is not applicable.
  - b. During the year the no loan/ guarantee has been made. the reporting requirement of para 3(iii)(b) is not applicable
  - c. The Company has not given any loans in the nature of loans and advances. Hence, the reporting requirement of clause 3(iii)(c) to 3(iii)(f) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provision of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investment made, to the extent applicable to the Company. As

per the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee or provided any security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person.

- 5. The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amount which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 6. The nature of the company's business/activities is such that maintenance of Cost Records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company.
- 7.a. According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Income Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value added tax, Cess and other statutory dues to the extent and as applicable to the company have been generally regularly deposited by the company during the year with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at 31st March, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.
- b. According to the records of the Company, there are no disputed statutory dues that have not been deposited on account of matters pending before appropriate authorities.
- 8. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Hence, the para 3(viii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 9. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, since the company does not have any borrowings and payment of interest thereon to any lender. Hence, the para 3(ix)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company

b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us no terms loan has been taken by the company. Hence, the para 3(ix)(c) of the order is not applicable to the Company

d) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

e) On the basis of books and records examined by us, the Company does not have any subsidiary. Hence, the para 3(ix)(e) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

f) On the basis of books and records examined by us and as explained to us, the Company does not have any subsidiary. Hence, the para 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

10. a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Hence, the para 3(x)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or convertible debentures (fully, partly or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3 (x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

11. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud by the company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.

b) During the year no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no whistle blower complaints received during the year by the Company.

- 12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on or examinations of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transaction have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. a) In our opinion, provisions of section 138 of the Act are not applicable to the company. Hence, the para 3(xiv)(a) and para 3(xiv)(b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the record of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its director. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- 16. a) The Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve bank of India Act, 1934 and such registration has been obtained by the Company.
  - b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of registration from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.]

- c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 17. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current year and the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditor during the year. Hence, the reporting para 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, the our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date to the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance by the Company and when they fall due.
- 20. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM REGDN. 017163N

> (RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER MNO. 098229

Place: Delhi Date: 24.05.2023

# Annexure – B to the Auditors' Report

# Report on the Internal Financial Control under clause (i) of sub section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED ("the company") as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

# For Rajesh Suresh Jain & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM REGDN. 017163N

(RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER MNO. 098229

Place: Delhi Date: 24.05.2023

# MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD. CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738

ADD: 106, 1st Floor, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

# BALANCE SHEET

BALANCE SHEET			(Rs. in thousands)
		As at	As a
	Note	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
. ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
a. Cash and cash equivalents	4	5,551	7,735
b. Investments	5	85,743	80,205
c. Other Financial Assets	6	56	54
Non-Financial Assets			
a. Current tax assets	7	169	159
b. Property, Plant and Equipment	8	24	47
c. Other non -financial assets	9	743	518
TOTAL ASSETS	_	92,285	88,718
I. LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
a. Borrowings	10	4,932	4,424
Non-Financial Liabilities			
a. Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	11	1,771	1,375
b. Other non-financial liabilities	12	296	314
Equity			
a. Equity Share Capital	13	12,450	12,450
b. Other Equity	14	72,836	70,155
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		92,285	88,718

### See accompanying notes to the financial statements

1 to 37

### As per our report of even date attached

For RAJESH SURESH JAIN & ASSOCIATES **Chartered Accountants** FRN: 017163N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

SATI NATH DAS DIRECTOR DIN:03114586

**RITU SOBTI** DIRECTOR DIN: 07928788

CHITRADITI BARUAH CFO

HARSHIKA AGRAWAL COMPANY SECRETARY

Membership No. : 098229 Place: New Delhi

(RAJESH JAIN)

PARTNER

Date : 24/05/2023

# MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD. CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738

ADD: 106, 1st Floor, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

			(Rs. in thousands)
	Note	For the Year ended 31 March 2023	For the Year ended 31 March 2022
INCOME			
Revenue from operations			
(i) Interest Income	15	249	300
(ii) Dividend Income	16	1,443	1,305
(iii) Net gain on fair value changes	17	2,952	7,320
I Total Revenue from operations		4,644	8,925
II Other Income		-	-
III Total income (I+II)		4,644	8,925
EXPENSES			
Finance Costs	19	509	456
Employee Benefits Expenses	19	1,973	1,664
Depreciation and Ammortisation	8	24	7
Others expenses	20	644	632
IV Total expenses (IV)		3,150	2,759
V Profit/ (loss) before tax (III-IV)		1,494	6,166
VI Tax expense			
(i) Current tax		-	-
(ii) Deferred tax (credit) / charge		(2)	1
(iii) Earlier year tax		1	(67)
Total tax expense (VI)		(1)	(66)
VII Profit for the year (V-VI)		1,495	6,232
VIII Other comprehensive income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
a) Fair value changes in Equity Instruments		1,584	1,772
b) Tax impact on above		(399)	(446)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		1,185	1,326
Total comprehensive income for the year (VII +VIII)		2,680	7,558
IX Earnings per equity share of face value of Rs. 10 each (previous year Rs. 10 each)	21		
Basic (Rs.)	21	1.20	5.01
Diluted (Rs.)		1.20	5.01
Diluted (Rs.)		1.20	:

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For RAJESH SURESH JAIN & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants FRN: 017163N

(RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER Membership No. : 098229

Place: New Delhi Date : 24/05/2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

SATI NATH DAS DIRECTOR DIN:03114586

1 to 37

CHITRADITI BARUAH CFO RITU SOBTI DIRECTOR DIN: 07928788

HARSHIKA AGRAWAL COMPANY SECRETARY

# MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD. CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738

# ADD: 106, 1st Floor, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

Cash Flov	v Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023		(Rs. in thousands)
		Yea	r Ended
	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
		(Audited)	(Audited)
A. Casl	h Flow from Operating Activities		
	it before tax	1,494	6,166
	ustments for:	1,474	0,100
° I	Depreciation	24	7
	Notional interest on borrowings	509	456
	Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments	(2,952)	(7,320)
	h generated form operation before working capital changes	(2,552) (926)	(7,520)
	rking capital changes		,
	ease/ (decrease) in other financial assets	(2)	11
	ease/ (decrease) in other non-financial assets	(65)	(62)
	rease) /decrease in other non financial liabilities	(18)	89
	h Flows before OCI and Tax	(1,012)	(653)
Inco	ome tax paid	(169)	(159)
	cash flow from/ (used) in operating activities	(1,181)	(812)
	esting Activities		
	chase of Investments	(1,003)	(885)
	chase of Property, Plant & Equipment	-	(37)
	e of Investments	-	-
Net	cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities	(1,003)	(922)
C. Fina	ancing Activities		
	ceeds/ (Repayment ) of borrowings		
	cash flow from/ (used in) financing activities		
1101	cash now nom/ (dscu m) mancing activities		-
Net	change in cash and cash equivalents	(2,184)	(1,734)
	h and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7,734	9,468
	h and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5,551	7,734

### As per our report of even date attached

For RAJESH SURESH JAIN & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants FRN: 017163N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

SATI NATH DAS DIRECTOR DIN:03114586 RITU SOBTI DIRECTOR DIN: 07928788

(RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER Membership No. : 098229

Place: New Delhi Date : 24/05/2023 CHITRADITI BARUAH CFO HARSHIKA AGRAWAL COMPANY SECRETARY

### MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD. CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738 ADD: 106, 1st Floor, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092 Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity

### a. Equity share capital

	Number of Shares	(Rs. in thousands)
As at April 01, 2021	12,45,000	12,450
Changes in Equity share capital during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	12,45,000	12,450
Changes in Equity share capital during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	12,45,000	12,450

### b. Other equity (Contd.)

					(Rs. in thousands)	
		Reserves and surplus		Other	Total	
	General Reserve	Statutory Reserve	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	Comprehensive		
Balance as at March 31, 2021	909	12,501	39,290	9,898	62,598	
Profit for the year	-	1,246	6,232	-	7,478	
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	1,326	1,326	
Transfer to Statutory Reserves		-	(1,246)	-	(1,246)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	909	13,747	44,276	11,224	70,155	
Balance as at March 31, 2022	909	13,747	44,276	11,224	70,155	
Profit for the year	-	-	1,495	-	1,495	
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	1,185	1,185	
Transfer to Statutory Reserves		299	(299)		-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	909	14,046	45,472	12,409	72,836	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	909	14,046	45,472	12,409	72,836	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For RAJESH SURESH JAIN & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants FRN: 017163N

(RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER Membership No. : 098229

statements

SATI NATH DAS DIRECTOR DIN:03114585

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

RITU SOBTI DIRECTOR DIN: 07928788

Membership No. : 0982

Place: New Delhi Date : 24/05/2023 CHITRADITI BARUAH CFO HARSHIKA AGRAWAL COMPANY SECRETARY

# MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

# 1. Company Information / Overview

The Company is public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India having its registered office at Delhi, India. The Company is a Non-banking financial company- Non-Systemically important Non-Deposit taking Company registered with Reserve Bank of India. Equity share of the company are listed on Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited.

# 2. Basis of preparation of financial statements.

# (A) Compliance with Ind As

The financial statements of the Company comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies(Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as ammended from time to time and other relevant provisions of the Act. Any directions issued by the RBI or other regulators are implemented as and when they become applicable.

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as ammended) notified under the Act read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), guidelines issued by the RBI and other generally accepted accounting principles in India (collectively referred to as 'Indian GAAP' or 'previous GAAP').

The transition to Ind As has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards. Accordingly, the impact of transition has been recorded in the opening reserves as at 1April, 2018.

An explanation of how the transition to Ind AS from the previous GAAP has effected the previously reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company is provided in Note 28.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to the existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

# (B) Presentation of financial statements

The Balance Sheet, the statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Profit and Loss are presented in the format prescribed under Division III of Schedule III of the Act, as amended from time to time, for Non-Banking Financial Companies ('NBFCs') that are required to comply with Ind AS. The statement of Cash Flows has been presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

# (C) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments and plan assets of defined benefit plans, which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting as explained in the accounting policies below.

# 3. Significant Accounting Policies

# 3.1 Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires that management make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period. The actual results could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In partiular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainity and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

# A) Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method

The Company recognizes interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loans given / taken. This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well as expected changes to other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

# B) Impairment of loans portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

# C) Defined employee benefit assets and liabilities

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

# D) Fair value measurement:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

# E) Other Estimates:

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.

# 3.2 Financial Instruments

# A) Initial Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in Statement of profit and loss.

# B) Classification and Subsequent measurement of financial assets-

The company classifies its financial assets into various measurements categories. The classification depends on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the company's business model for managing financial assets.

## a. Amortised Cost

A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# b. FVOCI- debt instruments

A debt instruments in nature of financial asset is measured at FVOCI when the instrument is held within a business model, the objective of which is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## c. **FVOCI-** equity instruments

Equity instruments in nature of financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss, unless the Company's management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its equity instruments at FVOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments and are not held for trading.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

# d. FVTPL

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

### Subsequent Measurement of financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statement of profit and loss. Any gain and loss on derecognition is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

Debt investment at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in Statement of profit and loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to Statement of profit and loss.

For equity investments, the Company makes an election on an instrument-by-instrument basis to designate equity investments as measured at FVOCI. These elected investments are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the reserves. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of profit and loss on disposal of the investments. These investments in equity are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for strategic purpose. Dividend income received on such equity investments are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments that are not designated as measured at FVOCI are designated as measured at FVTPL and subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

# C. Financial Liabilities and equity instruments

## Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### **Equity Instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by Company are recognised at the proceeds received. Transaction costs of an equity transaction are recognised as a deduction from equity.

## **Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-fortrading or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in Statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

# D. Derecognition

# **Financial Assets**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

# **Financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation in respect of the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

# E. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# F. Impairment

The Company recognises lifetime expected credit losses (ECL) when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and when the financial instrument is credit impaired. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12 month ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition. 12 month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

# 3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short- term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts if any, as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

# 3.4 Property, plant and equipments (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each reporting date are shown under other non-financial assets. The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Subsequent expenditure related to the asset are added to its carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred.

Depreciation on PPE is provided on straight-line basis in accordance with the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on a pro-rata basis.

The estimated useful lives used for computation of depreciation are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life
Furniture & fixture	10 years
Computer	3 years

Assets costing less than Rs.5000/- are fully depreciated in the period of purchase.

PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (caculated as the differnce between the net disposal proceeds and the net carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income / netted off from any loss on disposal in the Statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

# 3.5 Impairment of assets other than financial assets :

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets at the end of each reporting period, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount such that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

### **3.6 Provisions :**

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

## 3.7 Employee Benefits :

A)

### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### 3.8 Revenue recognition

### Dividend and interest income on investments :

- Dividends are recognised in Statement of profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

-Interest income from investments is recognised when it is certain that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

### 3.9 Finance costs

Finance costs include interest expense computed by applying the effective interest rate on respective financial instruments measured at Amortised cost. Financial instruments include bank term loans, non-convertible debentures, fixed deposits mobilised, commercial papers, subordinated debts and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Finance costs are charged to the Statement of profit and loss.

### 3.10 Taxation - Current and deferred tax:

Income tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

### A) Current tax :

Current tax comprises amount of tax payable in respect of the taxable income or loss for the year determined in accordance with Income Tax Act, 1961 and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

# B) Deferred tax :

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequence that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary difference could be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

# 3.11 Earning per share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per equity share. Basic earnings per equity share have computed by dividing net profit/loss attributable to the equity share holders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share have been computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity share holders after giving impact of dilutive potential equity shares for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the results are anti-dilutive.

# 3.12 Leases

The Company has applied Ind AS 116. For these short term and low value leases, the company recognizes the lease payments as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a Straight line basis over the term of lease.

# 3.13 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendments Rules, 2023, as below:

- Ind AS -1 Presentation of Financial Statements This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date of adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendments and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.
- Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors This amendments has introduced a definition of 'Accounting Estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendments is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendments and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.
- Ind AS 12-Income Taxes-This amendment has narrowed the scope of initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statement.

### MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

4.	Cash and cash equivalent		(Rs. in thousands)
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Cash on Hand	6	6
	Balance with Banks		
	- In current and deposit account	5,545	7,729
	Total	5,551	7,735
6.	Other Financial Assets		(Rs. in thousands)
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Security Deposit	16	16
	Interest accured	40	38

54
(Rs. in thousands)
As at
31 March 2022
159
159

#### 8. Property, Plant & Equipment

	<b>F</b> '' <b>I</b>		(Rs. in t	thousands)
	Furniture and	_		
Particulars	Fixture	Computer	Total	
GROSS BLOCK				
As at 31st March, 2021		43	82	125
Additions during the year			37	37
Deletions during the year				
As at 31st March, 2022		43	119	162
Additions during the year				
Deletions during the year				
As at 31st March, 2023		43	119	162
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
As at 31st March, 2021		31	78	108
Additions during the year		3	3	7
As at 31st March, 2022		34	81	115
Additions during the year		2	22	24
As at 31st March, 2023		36	103	139
Net Block as at 31st March, 2023		7	16	23
Net Block as at 31st March, 2022		9	38	47

#### Other Non Financial Assets 9.

Other Non Financial Assets		(Rs. in thousands)
	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Prepaid Expenses		
GST Receivable	305	240
Income Tax Refund	438	278
Excess TDS deposited		
Total	743	518

10.	Borrowings		(Rs. in thousands)
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Unsecured		
	-Inter Corporate loans	4,932	4,424
	Total	4,932	4,424
11.	Deferred tax liabilities/ (Assets) (Net)		(Rs. in thousands)
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Deferred tax Liability		
	Difference between Depreciation as per Books of Account and the Income Tax Act, 1961.	(3)	-1
	Tax impact of change in fair valuation of Equity Instruments	1,774	1,375
	Total	1,771	1,375
12.	Other Non-Financial Liabilities		(Rs. in thousands)
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	TDS Payable	26	19
	Expenses payable	270	295
	Total	296	314

13.	Share Capital			(Rs. in thousands)
	-		As at	As at
	Particulars		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
a.	Authorised:			
	15,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each		15,000	15,000
	Total		15,000	15,000
b.	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up			
	12,45,000 Equity Shares Of Rs. 10/- Each		12,450	12,450
	Total		12,450	12,450
c.	Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :			
	Particulars	Number of Shares		(Rs. in thousands)
	As At April 01, 2019	12,45,000		12,450
	Issued during the year	-		-

### d. Terms / rights attached to the equity shares

As At March 31, 2020

Issued during the year As At March 31, 2021

Share capital of the Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having Par value of 10/. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to One vote per share. In the event of the Liquidation of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all Preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

12,45,000

12,45,000

12,450

12,450

### e. <u>Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares in the Company:</u>

Particulars	culars As at Ma		As at Marc	h 31, 2022
	Number of Shares	% holding in the	Number of Shares	% holding in the
		class		class
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
4. Other Equity				(Rs. in thousands)
			As at	As at
Particulars			31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Stautory Reserve (Pursuant to Section 45-IC of The RBI Act, 1934)				
Opening Balance			13,747	12,501
Add: Transfer during the year			299	1,246
Cosing Balance			14,046	13,747
o. General Reserve				
Opening Balance			909	909
Cosing Balance			909	909
. Other comprehensive income				
Opening Balance			11,224	9,898
Add: Income for the period			1,185	1,326
Cosing Balance			12,409	11,224
. Retained Earning				
Opening Balance			44,276	39,290
Add: Profit for the current year			1,495	6,232
Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserves			(299)	(1,246)
Closing Balance			45,472	44,276
TOTAL OTHER EQUITY			72,836	70,155

#### Stautory Reserve

Statutory reserve represents reserve fund created pursuant to Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934 through transfer of specified percentage of net profit every year before any dividend is declared. The reserve fund can be utilised only for limited purposes as specified by RBI from time to time and every such utilisation shall be reported to the RBI within specified period of time from the date of such utilisation.

### **General Reserve**

General Reserve represents the statutory reserve. This is in accordance with Indian Corporate Law where in a portion of profit is apportioned to General Reserve. Under Companies Act, 1956, it was manadatory to transfer amount before a company can declare dividend. However, under companies Act, 2013 transfer of any amount to general reserve is at the

### Other Comprehensive Income-Remeasurement gain/ (losses) on defined benefit plan

The Company recognises change on account of remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/(asset) as part of other comprehensive income.

### **Retained Earnings**

Retained earnings or accumulated surplus represents total of all profits retained since Company's inception. Retained earnings are credited with current year profits, reduced by losses, if any, dividend payouts, transfers to General reserve or any such other appropriations to specific reserves.

## MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

5. Investments

	Faar Val	As at	0.22	As at	
Particulars	Face Value	31 March 2 Units	(Rs. in '000)	31 March Units	2022 (Rs. in '000)
A. Investment in Equity Instruments		Units	(KS. III 000)	Units	(13. 11 000
-Quoted Instrument fully paid up Equity Shares(At FVTOCI)					
1 BAJAJ HOLDING & INVESTMENTS LTD	10	150	888	150	752
2 BAJAJ AUTO LTD	10	300	1165	300	1096
3 BAJAJ FINSERV LTD	1	1,500	1900	150	2559
4 BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICAL LTD	2	1,500	105	1,500	74
5 BIRLA CABLE LIMITED (EARLIER KNOWN AS BIRLA ERRICSSION LTD)	10	100	12	100	10
6 CABLE CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD	10	100	2	100	2
7 CENTURY ENKA LTD	10	100	34	100	50
8 CMI LTD	10	100	1	100	1
9 CLARIANT CHEMICALS INDIA LIMITED	10	150	50	150	68
10 FINOLEX CABLES LTD	2	500	406	500	189
11 HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORP LTD	2	1,000	2626	1,000	2390
12 HINDUSTAN UNILEVER LTD	1	750	1920	750	1530
13 INDIA LEASE DEVELOPMENT CO LTD	10	10,000	62	10,000	126
14 INTERNATIONAL TRAVELS HOUSE LTD	10	200	42	200	23
15 ICICI BANK LTD	2	33	29	33	24
16 ITC LTD	1	1,080	414	1,080	27
17 JHAGADIA COPPER LTD (SWIL)	10	100	0	100	(
18 NOVARTIS INDIA LTD	5	66	37	66	39
19 SIEMENS LTD	2	1,000	3327	1,000	2368
20 STERLITE POWER TRANMISSION (EARLIER KNOWN AS STERLITE OPTICLE LTD)	5	200	0	100	(
21 SYNGENTA INDIA LTD	5	66	0	66	(
22 TORRENT POWER LTD ( Earliar Known as TORRENT CABLES LTD)	10	47	24	47	23
23 APAR INDUSTRIES LTD (UNIFLEX CABLES LTD)	10	10	25	10	
24 UNIVERSAL CABLES LTD	10	100	36	100	14
25 USHA MARTIN EDUCATION AND SOLUTIONS LTD	1	100	0	100	
26 USHA MARTIN LTD (EARLIER KNOWN AS USHA BELTRON LTD)	1	100	21	100	13
27 VINDHYA TELELINK LTD	10	100	175	100	103
28 KEC INTRENATIONAL LIMITED	10	50	23	50	19
29 STATE BANK OF INDIA	1	1,000	524	1,000	494
30 UPCOM CABLES LTD	10	100	0	100	
31 UTI MASTER PLUS	10	2,500	0	2,500	(
		23,102	13848	21,652	12265
-Unquoted Fully Paid up Equity Shares(At FVTOCI)		60.0			
1 MANSAROVAR PAPER & IND LTD	10	600	0	600	(
2 MORGAN ASIA LTD	10	<u> </u>	0	50 650	0
B. Investment in Mutual Funds (At FVTPL)			10		
1 DSP BLACK ROCK SMALLCAP FUND		96	10	96	11
2 DSP BLACK ROCK MID CAP FUND		32,357	2663	32,357	2789
3 FRANKLIN INDIA SMALLER CO. FUND		31,135	3000	31,135	276
4 HDFC BALANCED FUND		57,030	4834	57,030	4534
5 IDBI MIDCAP FUND		99,305	1568	99,305	1617
6 KOTAK SELECT FOCUS FUND		55,406	2937	55,406	2879
7 ABSL BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICE FUND		94,805	3646	94,805	3490
8 ABSL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND		68,381	3610	68,381	3242
9 HSBC INFRASTRUCTURE FUND		1,39,978	3623	1,39,978	3299
10 HSBC SMALL CAP FUND (L & T EMERGING BUSINESS FUND)		1,94,214	9182	1,94,214	8766
11 ABSL PURE VALUE FUND		1,03,663	3009	1,03,663	3145
12 DSP BLACK ROCK MONEY MANAGER FUND		6,226	6520	5,968	6000
13 FRANKLIN INDIA ULTRA SHORT BOND FUND		856	11	856	10
14 HDFC CASH MANAGEMENT FUND		9,74,601	10297	9,33,990	9473
15 KOTAK LAW DURATION FUND		9,175	9988	9,175	9541
16 FRANKLIN INDIA SAVINGS FUND		<u>6,63,573</u> 25,30,800	6997 71895	6,30,924 24,57,281	<u>6375</u> 67939
Total Investments (A+B)		25,54,552	85743	24,79,583	80205
Total Investments (A+B)		23,54,552	13848	22,302	12265
Total Investment at FVTPL		25,30,800	71895	22,302	67939
Note:		25,50,600	/10/5	27,37,201	01939

Note: 1. All above investments are in India itself

# MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES & INVESTMENT CO LTD. CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738 ADD: 106, 1st Floor, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi - 110092

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

15.	Interest Income		(Rs. in thousands)
		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Interest Income from Bank	249	300
	Total	249	300
16.	Dividend		(Rs. in thousands)
		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Dividend received on Shares	151	142
	Dividend income on mutual funds	1,292	1,163
	Total	1,443	1,305
17.	Net gain on fair value changes		(Rs. in thousands)
		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments measured at FVTPL		
	Realised gain/ (loss) on instruments at FVTPL	_	
	Unrealised gain/ (loss) on instruments at FVTPL	2,952	7,320
	Total	2,952	7,320
18.	Finance Costs		(Rs. in thousands)
		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Interest on borrowings	509	456
	Total	509	456
19.	Employee Benefit Expense		(Rs. in thousands)
		For the year ended	For the year ended
	Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Salary & Benefits	1,973	1,664
	Salary & Deletits	1,970	1,001

Other Expenses		(Rs. in thousands
	For the year ended	For the year ende
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 202
Rent	73	70
Telephone Expenses	37	40
Printing & Stationary	2	98
Bank Charges	3	
Legal & Professional	190	19
Postage & Telegram	26	2
Filing Fee		
Accounting Software Charges	9	
Demat Charges	1	
Conveyance Expenses	49	4
Miscellaneous Expenses	22	1
Listing fee	55	5
Advertisement & Publicity	107	
Website Expenses	6	
Subscription and Fees	30	1
AGM Expenses		3
Stamp Duty	1	
Staff welfare	15	1
Auditor'S Remuneration		
Audit Fees	18	1
Total	644	63

# 21. Earning Per Share (EPS)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Profit for the year (Rs. in thousands)	1,495	6,232
Weighted average number of Equity Shares used in computing basic EPS	12,45,000	12,45,000
Weighted average number of Equity Shares used in computing diluted EPS	12,45,000	12,45,000
Basic Earnings per share (Rs.)	1.20	5.01
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	1.20	5.01
Face value per share (Rs.)	10	10

Note: 22	Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets)	(Rs. in thousands)	
		CURRENT YEAR	PREVIOUS YEAR
	Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets) (Op. Bal)	1,375	928
	(Addition)/Reduction	(396)	(447)
	Deferred Tax Liabilities/(Assets) (Cl. Bal)	1,771	1,375

### Note: 23 Related Party Transactions

23.1 List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationship:

a) Key Managerial Personnel

- 1. Chitraditi Baruah (Chief Financial Officer)
- 2. Harshika Agrawal (Company Secretary)

23.2 Transactions during the financial year ended 31.03.2023 with related Parties as under.

		i manetar year ended 51.05.2025 whit tend		(Rs. in thousands)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended 31.03.2023	For the year ended 31.03.2022
1	Chitraditi Baruah	Remuneration & other services	1212	1068
2	Harshika Agrawal	Remuneration & other services	762	596

Note: 24 To the extent information available with the company, it has no dues to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as at 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022.

Note: 26 Schedule as required in terms of Paragraph 18 of "Non-Banking Financial Company –Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

	PARTICULARS	I	
.)	Liabilities side :	I	
	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs	Amount	Amount
	inclusive of interest accrued thereon but	Out-	overdue
	not paid :	standing	
	(a) Debentures : Secured		
	: Unsecured		
	(other than falling within the		
	meaning of public deposits)		
	(b) Deferred Credits	 	
	(c) Term Loans		
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	4,932	4,932
		(4,424)	(4,424)
	(e) Commercial Paper		
	(f) Public Deposits		
	(g) Other Loans (specify nature)-From Bank		
(2)	Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding		
	public deposits inclusive of interest		
	accrued thereon but not paid):		
	(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures		
	(b) In the form of partly secured deben-		
	tures i.e. debentures where there		
	is a shortfall in the value of		
	security		
	(c) Other public deposits		
	Assets side :		
		Amount Outstandi	ng
(3)	Break-up of Loans and Advances including		

Note: 25 There are no separate reportable segment as per Accounting Standard (AS-17).

	hills an animality for the state of the state in	1	
	<ul><li>bills receivables [other than those in</li><li>(4) below:</li></ul>		
	(a) Secured		
	(a) Secured (b) Unsecured		
	(Net of Provisions other than on Standard Assets)		
(4)	Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on		
	hire and hypothecation loans counting towards EL/HP activities		
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals		
	under sundry debtors :		
	(a)     Financial lease       (b)     Operating lease		
	<ul> <li>(ii) Stock on hire including hire</li> <li>charges under sundry debtors :</li> </ul>		
	(a)     Assets on hire       (b)     Repossessed Assets		
	(iii) Hypothecation loans counting towards EL/HP activities		
	(a) Loans where assets have been		
	<ul> <li>repossessed</li> <li>(b) Loans other than (a) above</li> </ul>		
(5)			
(5)	Break-up of Investments :		
	Current Investments :		
	1. Quoted :		
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity		
	(b) Preference		
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds		
	<ul> <li>(iii) Units of mutual funds</li> <li>(iv) Government Securities</li> </ul>		
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	
	2. Unquoted :		
		į.	
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity (b) Preference		
		į.	
	<ul> <li>(ii) Debentures and Bonds</li> <li>(iii) Units of mutual funds</li> </ul>		
	(iv) Government Securities	-	
	(v) Others (please specify)		
	Long Term Investments :	1	
	1. Quoted :		
	(i) Sharay (a) Equity	12.949	12.849
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	13,848   (12,265)	13,848   (12,265)
	(b) Preference		
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds		
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	71,895	71,895
	(iv) Government Securities	(67,939) 	(67,939)   
	(v) Others (please specify)		
	2. Unquoted :		
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity (b) Preference		
	<ul> <li>(ii) Debentures and Bonds</li> <li>(iii) Units of mutual funds</li> </ul>		
	(iv) Government Securities	i	-
	(v) Others (please specify)		

	Borrower group-wise classification of all on - hire and loans and advances :	leased assets, stock-				
	Category			Amount net of provis	sions	
			-	Secured	Unsecured	Total
	I. Related Parties		-	-		
	(a) subsidiaries		-			
	(b) Companies in the same group		-			-   
	- (c) Other related parties		-			
	2. Other than related parties		-			
		Total	-			
(7)      -	Investor group-wise classification of all i and long term)in shares and securities (b					
	Category		   	Market Value/Break up or fair value or NAV		Book Value   (Net of   Provisions)
	- Category Category 		   	•		(Net of
	    -		     	•		
	- I. Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries (b) Companies in the same Group			•		(Net of
	- I. Related Parties (a) Subsidiaries - (b) Companies in the same			•		(Net of
	- I. Related Parties - (a) Subsidiaries - (b) Companies in the same Group			•		(Net of

(8)		Other information
		Particulars
(i)		Gross Non-Performin
	-	(.) <b>D</b> 1 (.)

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		Particulars		Amount
(i)		Gross Non-Performing Assets		
	-	(a) Related parties	-	
	- 	(b) Other than related parties	- 	
(ii)		Net Non-Performing Assets		
		(a) Related parties		
	- 	(b) Other than related parties	- 	
(iii)		Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt		

### Note: 27 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The company has adequate cash and bank balances. The company monitors its capital by careful scrutiny of the cash and bank balances, and a regular assessment of any debt requirements. In the absence of any significant amount of debt, the maintenance of debt equity ratio etc. may not be of any relevance to the Company.

### Note: 28 Financial Risk Management

### **Financial risk factors**

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include inter corporate deposits, loans, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables. The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks:

#### I. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments.

The company is exposed to market risk primarily related to the market value of its investments.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of Financial Instruments will fluctuate because of change in market interest rates. The company does not have exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rate as it has interest free debt obligations.

### Currency risk

Currently company does not have transaction in foreign currencies and hence the company is not exposed to currency risk.

#### **Equity Price Risk**

#### (a) Exposure

The company is exposed to equity price risk arising from Investments held by the company and classified in the balance sheet as fair value through P & L and OCI To manage its price risk arising from investment in equity securities, the company diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of portfoio is done in accordance with the limits set by the company. The majority of the company's equity instruments are listed on the Bombay stock exchange (BSE) or the National stock exchange (NSE) in India.

### (b) Sensitivity analysis- Equity price risk

The table below sumarise the impact of increase/ decrease of the index on the company's equity and the profit for the period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity/ index had increased by 2% or decreased by 2% with all other variable held constant, and that all the company's equity instruments moved in line with the Index.

(Amount Rs. In thousands)

			(7 thiotain	its. in mousunds)
	Impact on Profit &	Impact on Profit & Loss for the year ended		omprehensive
			Income for the	year ended
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
NSE/ BSE Index - Increase by 2 %	1,438	1,359	277	245
NSE/ BSE Index - Decrease by 2 %	-1,438	-1,359	-277	-245

#### II. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The company is exposed to credit risk from its financing activities towards inter corporate loans where no significant impact on credit risk has been identified.

### III. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company manages its liquidity requirement by analysing the maturity pattern of Company's cash flows of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial assets and liabilities.

		(Amount	Rs. In thousands
	Within	After	
As at 31st March, 2023	12 Months	12 Months	Total
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5,551	-	5,551
Investments	71,895	13,848	85,743
Other Financial Assets	56	-	56
Total	77,502	13,848	91,350
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings		4,932	4,932
Total	-	4,932	4,932
	Within	After	
As at 31st March, 2022	12 Months	12 Months	Total
Financial Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7,735	-	7,735
Investments	67,939	12,265	80,205
Other Financial Assets	54	-	54
Total	75,729	12,265	87,994
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	-	4,424	4,424
Total		4,424	4,424

### Note: 29 Maturity analysis of Assets and Liabilities:

The table shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled

		31st March, 2023		21c	(Amount Ks. t March, 2022	In thousands
Particulars	Within	After		Within	After	
i un tecului ș	12 Months	12 Months	Total	12 Months	12 Months	Total
ASSETS						
Finacial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	5,551		5,551	7,735		7,735
Investments	71,895	13,848	85,743	67,939	12,265	80,205
Other Financial Assets	56		56	54		54
Non-Finacial Assets						
Current tax assets	169		169	159		159
Property, Plant and Equipment	24		24	47		47
Other non -financial assets	743		743	518		518
TOTAL ASSETS	78,437	13,848	92,286	76,452	12,265	88,718
LIABILITIES						
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings		4,932	4,932	4,424		4,424
Non Financial Liabilities						
Deferred tax liabilities	1,771		1,771	1,375		1,375
Other non-financial liabilities	296		296	314		314
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,067	4,932	6,999	6,112	-	6,112

### Note: 30 Fair values

The management assessed that Fair Values of Financial Assets and Liabilities are approximately their carrying values.

### Note: 31 Fair value hierarchy

The company determines fair values of its financial instruments according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use Inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table presents the carrying value and fair value of each category of financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2023:

							Fair value	Rs. In thousa
Particulars	Ammortised cost	Fair value through P& L	Fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	5,551	-		5,551	5,551	-	-	
Investments	-	71,895	13,848	85,743	85,743	85,743	-	
Other Financial Assets	56	-		56	56	-	-	
	5,607	71,895	13,848	91,350	91,350	85,743	-	
Financial Liabilities								
Borrowings	4,932	-	-	4,932	4,932	-	-	
	4,932	-	-	4,932	4,932	-	-	

The following table presents the carrying value and fair value of each category of financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2022:

							Fair value	
	Ammortised	Fair value through	Fair value through					
Particulars	cost	P& L	OCI	Total carrying value	<b>Total Fair value</b>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	7,735	-		7,735	7,735	-	-	
Investments	-	67,939	12,265	80,205	80,205	80,205	-	
Other Financial Assets	54	-		54	54	-	-	
	7,789	67,939	12,265	87,994	87,994	80,205	-	
Financial Liabilities								
Borrowings	4,424	-	-	4,424	4,424	-	-	
	4,424	-	-	4,424	4,424	-	-	

### Note: 32 Lease:

Expenses recognised in the statement of profit & loss in respect of short term lease for Rs. 76 thousands (P.Y. Rs. 73 thousands)

### Note 33 Additional Regulatory Information

(i) The company does not have any Immovable Properties during the current and previous financial year.

(ii) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment as defined under rule 2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017 during the current and previous financial year.

(iii) The company has not granted any loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013).

(iv) Company does not have any Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

(v) The company does not have any pending proceeding for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

(vi) The Company does not have any working capital loan from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

(vii) Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

(viii) The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(ix) The company do not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

(x) The company has not advanced/ loaned/ invested funds (borrowed/share premium/any other sources of kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediaries), with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the intermediary shall (a) directly/ indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the company (ultimate beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

(xi) The company has not received any funds from any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party), with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall (a) directly/ indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries.

(xii) The Company does not have any subsidiary company, hence provisions of clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 are not applicable on the company.

(xiii) The company does not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961). Also, there are nil previously unrecorded income and related assets.

(xiv) There is no transaction related to Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency. Hence, not applicable.

### Note 34 Disclosure of Ratios:

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	% Variance	Reason for change in ratio by more then 25% as compared to previous year
(1) Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	Tier I Capital + Tier II Capital	Total risk weighted assets	1.09	1.13	-3.87%	
- Tier I CRAR	Tier I Capital	Total risk weighted assets	1.09	1.13	-3.87%	
- Tier II CRAR	Tier II Capital	Total risk weighted assets	0.00	0.00		
(2) Liquidity Coverage Ratio	High Quality Liquid Assets	Total Net Cash Outflows over the next 30 calender days	NA	NA		

\* The Company is a Non Deposit taking/ accepting Non Banking Finance Company and asset size of the Company is less than Rs. 100 crore, so Liquidity Coverage ratio is not applicable to the Company.

### Note 35

The following additional information, to the extent applicable, in terms of Scale Based Regulation framework (Circular No. RBI/2022-23/26 DOR.CRE.REC.No.60/03.10.001/2021-22 October 22, 2021) are disclosed below: -

#### Exposure to Real Estate Sector: a)

The company does not have any direct or indirect exposure to Real Estate Sector as at 31.03.2023 and 31.03.2022.

#### Exposure to Capital Market: b)

b)	Exposure to Capital Market: -	A	mount Rs. In thousands
Partio	culars	Current year	Previous Year
(i)	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt	85,743	80,205
(ii)	Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	_
(iii)	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	_	-
(iv)	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances	-	-
(v)	Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	-	_
(vi)	Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources		
	Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues Underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds	-	-
(ix) (x)	Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading All exposures to Alternative Investment Funds:	-	-
(a)	Category I Category II	-	-
	Category III	-	-
	Total Exposure to Capital Market	85,743.11	80,204.95

### c) Sectoral Exposure

The company does not have any exposures in the nature of loans as at 31.03.2023 and 31.03.2022.

### d) Intra Group Exposures: -

The Company has not given any loan as at 31.03.2023 and 31.03.2022.

### e) Unhedged foreign currency exposure

The Company does not have any unhedged foreign currency exposures as at March 31,2023 and March 31,2022

### f) Disclosure of complaints

The Company does not have any customer interface and thus there are no complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

### g) Related Party Disclosure

For related party disclosures refer to Note 23 of the notes to standalone financial statements.

Note: 36 The Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to confirm to the Current Year's presentation.

As per our report of even date attached	For and on behalf of the Board of	of Directors of
For RAJESH SURESH JAIN & ASSOCIATES		
Chartered Accountants		
FRN: 017163N		
	SATI NATH DAS	RITU SOBTI
	DIRECTOR	DIRECTOR
	DIN:03114586	DIN: 07928788

(RAJESH JAIN) PARTNER Membership No. : 098229

CHITRADITI BARUAH CFO

HARSHIKA AGRAWAL COMPANY SECRETARY

Place: New Delhi Date : 24/05/2023

# MARYADA COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES AND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED CIN: L65993DL1982PLC013738 Regd. Off.: 106, (1ST FLOOR), MADHUBAN TOWER, A-1, V.S. BLOCK, SHAKARPUR CROSSING, NEW DELHI – 110092

# NOTICE TO THE 41<sup>ST</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 41<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held on Saturday, 30th September, 2023 at 04:30 P.M. at the registered office of the Company at 106, (1<sup>st</sup> Floor), Madhuban Tower, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi – 110 092 through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means (VC / OAVM) to transact the following business:

# ORDINARY BUSINESS

# Item no. 1: Adoption of Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, including the audited balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 and Statement of Profit and Loss Account for the year ended on that date together with the Reports of the Auditors and Directors' thereon.

For and on Behalf of the Board For Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited

Date: 06<sup>th</sup> September, 2023

Place: New Delhi

Sd/-Sati Nath Das Director DIN: 03114586

# NOTES

- a. Pursuant to General Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020, 02/2021, 19/2021, 21/2021, 2/2022 dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 08, 2021 and December 14, 2021, and May 05, 2022 followed by Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (hereinafter collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") and 'SEBI' Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 5, 2023 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI Circulars") physical attendance of the Members to the AGM venue is not required and Annual General Meeting (AGM) be held through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- b. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the Circular issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs having Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 read along with MCA circular dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 08, 2021 and December 14, 2021, May 05, 2022 and SEBI circular dated January 05, 2023 this AGM is being held through VC / OAVM, where physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for this AGM and hence, the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.

- **c.** Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting.
- e. Members holding shares in physical form, in identical order of names, in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holdings in one folio. A consolidated share certificate will be issued to such Members after making requisite changes.
- **f.** In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- **g. Book Closure:** The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain Close from Sunday, 24<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023 to Saturday, 30<sup>th</sup> of September, 2023 for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting.
- h. All the documents, transfers, dematerialization requests and other communications in relation thereto should be addressed direct to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited at D-153A, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase – I, New Delhi – 110 020.
- i. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 05, 2022, May 13, 2022 and January 05, 2023 respectively, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2022-23 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website www.maryadainvestment.in, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited at <u>www.msei.in</u>, and on the website of NSDL <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
- **j.** The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of the Permanent Account Number (**PAN**) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participant(s). Members holding shares in physical form shall submit their PAN details to the Company at its Registered Office or to the Registrar and Transfer Agents.
- **k.** All documents referred to in the Notice and accompanying Explanatory Statement, as well as the Annual Report, are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days during normal business hours up to the date of the Meeting.
- I. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- m. Members who have not registered their e-mail address so far are requested to register their e-mail address for receiving all communication(s) including Annual Report, Notices and Circulars etc. from the Company electronically. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify any change of address, bank mandates, if any, to the Registrar and Transfer Agent M/s. SKYINE FINANCIAL SERVICES PVT LTD., D-153/A, 1st floor, Phase I, Okhla Industrial Area, New Delhi, Delhi 110020, Ph:- 011 26812683, Email:- admin@skylinerta.com, website: www.skylinerta.com and / or the Company Secretary or to their respective depository participants if the shares are held in electronic form.

- n. Members are entitled to nominate a person to whom his/her shares in the Company shall vest in the event of his/her demise, by filling up Form No. SH-13. The members are requested to avail of this facility. The duly filled in and signed Nomination Form No. SH-13 should be sent to the Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited at the address mentioned in point No. (n).
- o. The Securities and Exchange Board of India vide its Circular No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/24 dated June 08, 2018 and BSE Circular Ref. No. LIST/COMP/15/2018-19 dated July 05, 2018 and NSE Circular Ref. No. NSE/CML/2018/26 dated July 09, 2018, as modified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India vide its Circular No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/49 dated November 30, 2018 has amended Regulation 40 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, which mandated that transfer of securities with effect from April 01, 2019 would be in dematerialized form only. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to take necessary steps with their respective Depository Participants to dematerialize their physical shares.
- **p.** Members desiring any information on the accounts at the AGM are requested to write to the Company at least 7 days in advance, so as to enable the Company to keep the information ready.
- **q.** The recorded transcript of the forthcoming AGM on September 30, 2023, shall also be made available on the website of the Company in the investor relation section, as soon as possible after the meeting is over.
- **r.** Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.

# Instructions for e-voting and joining the AGM are as follows:

# VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS:

- (a) In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020, December 31, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 08, 2021, December 14, 2021 and May 05, 2022 followed by General Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (hereinafter collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") and 'SEBI' Circular No. SEBI/ HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 05, 2023, the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as e-voting on the day of the AGM will be provided by NSDL on all the resolutions set forth in this Notice. The instructions for e-voting are given herein below.
- (b) The remote e-voting period commences on Wednesday, September 27, 2023 (9:00 a.m. IST) and ends on Friday, September 29, 2023 (5:00 p.m. IST). During this period, Members holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on Saturday, September 23, 2023 i.e. cut-off date, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Those Members, who will

be present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the AGM.

- (c) The Board of Directors has appointed M/s Ravi Shankar & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the voting during the AGM and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- (d) The Scrutinizer shall immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and e-voting on the date of the AGM and make, not later than 2 working days of the conclusion of the Meeting, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, forthwith to the Chairman of the Company or any person authorized by him in writing and the Results shall be declared by the Chairman or any person authorized by him thereafter.
- (e) The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website <u>www.maryadainvestment.in</u> and on the website of NSDL https://<u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> immediately. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results to Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited where the shares of the Company are listed.
- (f) The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend/ participate in the AGM through VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- (g) The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date.
- (h) Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or info@skylinerta.com However, if he/she is already registered with NSDL for remote evoting then he/she can use his/her existing User ID and password for casting the vote.
- (i) The instructions for members for remote e-Voting are as under:

# How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

# Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode. In terms of SEBI circular dated 9<sup>th</sup> December, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

# Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding	1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility,
securities in demat mode with	please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web

NSDL.	browser by typing the following URL: https://
	eservices.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the " <b>Beneficial Owner</b> " icon under "Login" which is available under " <b>IDeAS</b> " section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or <b>e-Voting</b>
	<b>service provider - NSDL</b> and you will be re-directed to NSDL e-Voting website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	1. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select <b>"Register Online for IDeAS</b> " Portal or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u>
	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on options available against company name or <b>e-Voting service provider - NSDL</b> and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	1. Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</u> or www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.
	2. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of <b>e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL</b> . Click on <b>NSDL</b> to cast your vote.
	2. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</u>
	3. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in

	<b>www.cdslindia.com</b> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. <b>NSDL</b> where the e-Voting is in progress.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login, through their depository participants.	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on options available against company name or <b>e-Voting service provider-NSDL</b> and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

# Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type Helpdesk details		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542- 43	

# B) Login Method for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

# How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https:// www.evoting.nsdl.com / either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholders' section.

3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL e-services i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <u>https://</u><u>eservices.nsdl.com</u>/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 1 2 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * then your user ID is 12**********
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the Company. For example if folio number is 1*** and EVEN is 126603 then user ID is 1266030000001, if folio number is B-1 then user id is 116700B000001.

5. Your password details are given below:

a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.

b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.

c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?

(i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.

(ii) If your email ID is not registered with the depositories, for procuring user id and Password and for registration of email ID for e-Voting, please follow the steps mentioned below:

a) In case shares are held in physical mode please send signed request with Folio No., Name of Shareholder, scanned copy of the Share Certificate (front and back), selfattested copy of PAN Card, self-attested copy of Aadhar Card by email to <u>admin@skylinerta.com with subject line "UPDATION OF EMAIL ID OF MARAYDA</u> <u>COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES AND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED FOLIO</u> <u>NUMBER" (mention folio number).</u>

- b) In case shares are held in demat mode, please update your email id with your depository participant and send scan copy of latest client by email <u>admin@skylinerta.com.</u>
- c) However, if you are an individual shareholder you can generate your password as explain above in e-voting instructions.
- d) In terms of SEBI circular dated 9th December, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:

a) Click on "Forgot User Details / Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>

b) "Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.

c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address.

d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.

7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.

8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.

9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

# Step 2. How to cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see the Home page of e-Voting. Click on e-Voting.

2. Select "EVEN" **126603** (e-voting even number) of "Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited";

3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as Cast Vote page opens;

4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted;

5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed;

6. You can also take the print out of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page

7. Once you have voted on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote;

# General guidelines for shareholders

- For the votes to be considered valid, the Institutional shareholders (other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution /Authority Letter etc. to the Scrutinizer through e-mail at contact@csravi.in with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in. Members may contact Ms. Harshika Agrawal, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer for any grievances connected with electronic means / e-voting at the Registered Office of the Company at 106, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, A-1, V.S. Block, Shakarpur Crossing, New Delhi 110092.
- It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be

disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/ Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> to reset the password.

 In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the Downloads section of <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30.

# (j) INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- Members will be able to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM or view the live webcast of AGM provided by NSDL at <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> by using their remote e-voting login credentials and selecting the EVEN for Company's AGM.
- Members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-voting instructions mentioned in the Notice. Further Members can also use the OTP based login for logging into the e-voting system of NSDL.
- Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 30 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and will be available for 1000 Members on first come first served basis. However, this number does not include the large Shareholders i.e. Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- Members, who need assistance before or during the AGM, can contact NSDL on <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> / 1800-222-990 and our Registrar and Transfer Agent on <u>admin@skylinerta.com</u> / 011-2681 2683.
- Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may
  register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email
  address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, PAN, mobile number &
  number of shares at macel1982@gmail.com before September 25, 2023 (5:00 p.m. IST).
  Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to
  express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to
  restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

# (j) Other Instructions:

- Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

 Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

For and on Behalf of the Board

For Maryada Commercial Enterprises and Investment Company Limited

Date: 06<sup>th</sup> September, 2023

Place: New Delhi

Sd/-Sati Nath Das Director DIN:03114586 ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ..... ...... ..... ..... ..... .....

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